



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

MEASURES AGAINST CHOLERA.

On September 6 the following telegram was sent to the quarantine officers and health officers of the North Atlantic, South Atlantic, and Gulf ports:

Suspicion cholera present in Naples.

On September 26 the presence of cholera in Naples having been confirmed by bacteriological examination, the following telegram was sent to the quarantine and health officers above mentioned:

Referring my telegram September sixth, Geddings reports cholera officially declared at Naples on twenty-sixth. Confirmed by bacteriological examination.

ECUADOR.

GUAYAQUIL—Plague and yellow fever.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Parker reports, August 20:

During the two weeks ended August 15 there were reported in Guayaquil 10 cases of plague with 3 deaths, and 9 cases of yellow fever with 1 death. Plague is beginning to appear in a number of places in the city.

INDIA.

CALCUTTA—Cholera and plague.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Allan reports, August 25:

During the week ended August 6 there were reported at Calcutta 6 deaths from cholera and 7 from plague; in all Bengal, 57 cases of plague with 41 deaths; in all India, 1,082 cases of plague with 710 deaths.

KARACHI—Anthrax in interior.

Consul Lupton reports, August 5:

At Kotri, about 110 miles from Karachi, 120 fatal cases of anthrax among goats were reported August 5.

ITALY.

Status of cholera.

Surgeon Geddings reports, September 9:

During the week ended September 4 cholera was reported in Italy as follows:

	Cases.	Deaths.
<i>Province of Bari.</i>		
Andria.....	5	4
Canosa.....	1	0
Barletta.....	30	21
Bitonto.....	1	0
Molfetta.....	19	13
Trani.....	8	5
Spinazzola.....	8	5
<i>Province of Foggia.</i>		
Cerignola.....	3	3
Margherita di Savoia.....	7	8
Trinitapoli.....	25	17
San Ferdinando.....	8	8

Naples.—Doctor Geddings further reported, September 26: The cholera situation in Italy has become suddenly worse. A case of cholera, the diagnosis of which was confirmed bacteriologically, has been officially reported in Naples.

Rome.—A report was received at the Department of State September 27 stating that there were 4 cases of cholera with 1 death at Rome.

NAPLES—Examination of emigrants.

Doctor Geddings reports, September 5:

Vessels inspected at Naples and Palermo week ended September 3.

NAPLES.

Date.	Name of ship.	Destination.	Steerage passengers inspected and passed.	Pieces of baggage inspected and passed.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Aug. 31	Hamburg.....	New York.....	898	260	1,250
31	Ulltonia.....	do.....			
Sept. 1	Calabria.....	do.....	204	25	280
1	Re d' Italia.....	do.....	361	30	320
2	Prinzess Irene.....	do.....	385	60	620
2	Duca di Genova.....	do.....	421	55	680
3	Cretic.....	do.....	336	70	420
	Total.....		2,605	500	3,570

PALERMO.

Sept. 2	Calabria.....	New York.....	294	450	75
2	Re d' Italia.....	do.....	165	250	50
	Total.....		459	700	125

Rejections recommended.

NAPLES.

Date.	Name of ship.	Trachoma.	Favus.	Suspected trachoma.	Other causes.	Total.
Aug. 31	Hamburg.....	8	1	11	2	22
31	Ulltonia.....					
Sept. 1	Calabria.....	3			2	5
1	Re d' Italia.....	5	3	5	5	18
2	Prinzess Irene.....	11		10	3	24
2	Duca di Genova.....	10	1	6	4	21
3	Cretic.....	7	2		6	15
	Total.....	44	7	32	22	105

PALERMO.

Sept. 2	Calabria.....	17		14	1	32
2	Re d' Italia.....	10		16	1	27
	Total.....	27		30	2	59

JAPAN.

YOKOHAMA—Dysentery and typhoid fever.

Surgeon Irwin reports August 29:

During the period from August 11 to 25, inclusive, there were reported in Yokohama 197 cases of dysentery and 274 of typhoid fever.